

Common Name: Bee balm

Scientific Name: *Monarda fistulosa*

Root Type: Mostly fibrous with numerous lateral branches and shallow rhizomes.

Blooming Period: Early summer to late summer

Distribution: Most of lower Canada and continental U.S.

Average Height: Two and a half to four feet

Flower ID: The purple/lavender flowers look like tubes and are quite distinct from other flowers in N.W. Indiana.

Fun Fact: The common name is true as more than 60 species of bees visit the flower for nectar or pollen just in Illinois.



Common Name: Prairie Dock

Scientific Name: *Silphium terebinthinaceum*

Root type & Depth: Taproot with lateral branches; the taproot can extend twelve feet into the soil

Blooming Period: Late summer to early fall with yellow flowers

Distribution: Iowa eastwards excluding Quebec and Florida

Average Height: Seven to ten feet

Leaf ID: The basal leaves are spear shaped with fine edges and prominent veins; very large in late summer.

Fun Fact: The height of the flowering stem offers orientation and visibility for the composite flowers which can help insects find it.



Common Name: Compass Plant

Scientific Name: Silphium laciniatum

Root type & Depth: Taproot with lateral branches; the taproot can extend fifteen feet into the soil for an older individual

Blooming Period: Mature individuals bloom for six weeks in the middle of summer with yellow flowers

Distribution: primarily central North America with some range in eastern North America

Average Height: Six to twelve feet

Leaf ID: The leaf is long and has many deep lobes. The midvein has what looks like smaller leaves.

Fun Fact: The leaves of a compass plant point north-south usually or approximately providing better water use efficiency.



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Field Guide to

Plants of the Eastern Tallgrass Prairie





Common Name: Rattlesnake Master

Scientific Name: Eryngium yuccifolium

Root Type & Depth: taproot and lateral branches with roots several feet into the soil

Blooming Period: Mid to late summer

Distribution: Central and eastern North America; south of Pennsylvania mostly

Average Height: two and half to five feet

Flower ID: The flowers look like white balls and will fade in color to brown tinges late in the season.

Fun Fact: The rattlesnake master leaves are resistant to grasshopper damage because of how the cellulose strands are arranged in the plant cells.



Common Name: Purple Coneflower

Scientific Name: Echinaceae purpurea

Root type & Depth: Fibrous with rhizomes; the roots can extend eight feet into the soil

Blooming Period: Throughout summer

Distribution: Mostly eastern North America and some range in central North America

Average Height: three to four feet when a few years old

Flower ID: The 'flower' is a group of many small flowers with light to dark purple 'petals' and a dome of disc flowers.

Fun Fact: Purple coneflower is deer and insect damage resistant but is not common in the wild under natural conditions.