How to manage weight

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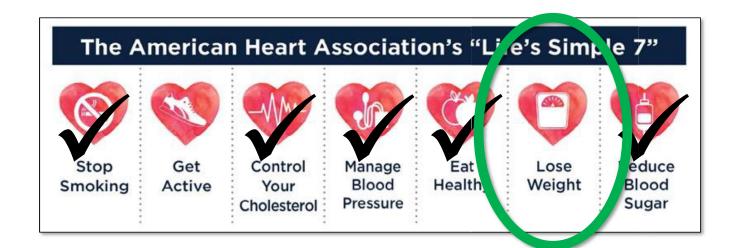
Evaluation and Implementation of Lifestyle Changes and Life's Simple 7 in Northwest Indiana







Purdue University Northwest



What's new?

Sleep added as component of heart health.

- Accounts for vaping and secondhand smoke.
- Creates a new guide to assess diet.
- Adjusts cholesterol and blood sugar measures.

Circulation

Volume 146, Issue 5, 2 August 2022; Pages e18-e43 https://doi.org/10.1161/CJR.0000000000001078



AHA PRESIDENTIAL ADVISORY

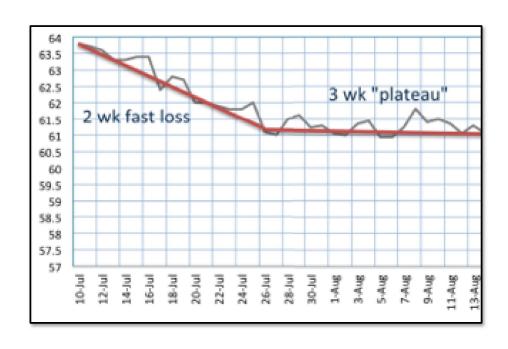
Life's Essential 8: Updating and Enhancing the American Heart Association's Construct of Cardiovascular Health: A Presidential Advisory From the American Heart Association



Weight management fact vs fiction

Once you start, you'll keep losing weight.

The weight loss "plateau"



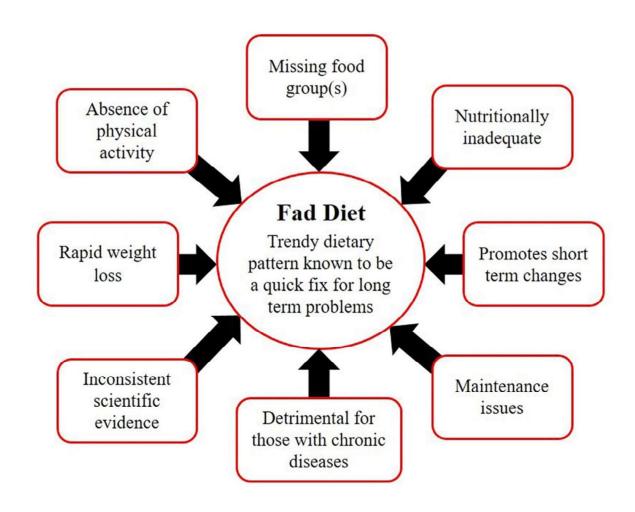
Obesity has nothing to do with genetics.

Genetics is a factor

- Several genes may make individuals more likely to:
 - Resist weight loss
 - Increase appetite
 - Store energy as fat



Fad diets work.



Your diet doesn't matter if you just exercise more.



"You can't outrun a bad diet"

You can eat as much healthy food as you want.

How to manage weight?

Consider these 2 factors:

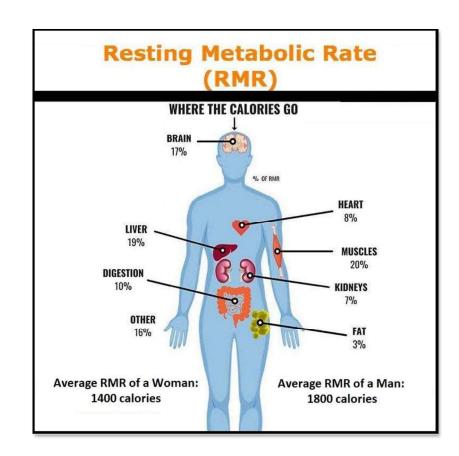
Calories in

VS

Calories out

Step#1

Estimate your resting/basal metabolic rate (or have it measured).



Step #2

Keep track of what you eat.



Step#3

Reduce your calories in (create a caloric deficit).

Aim for 300-500 fewer calories each day.

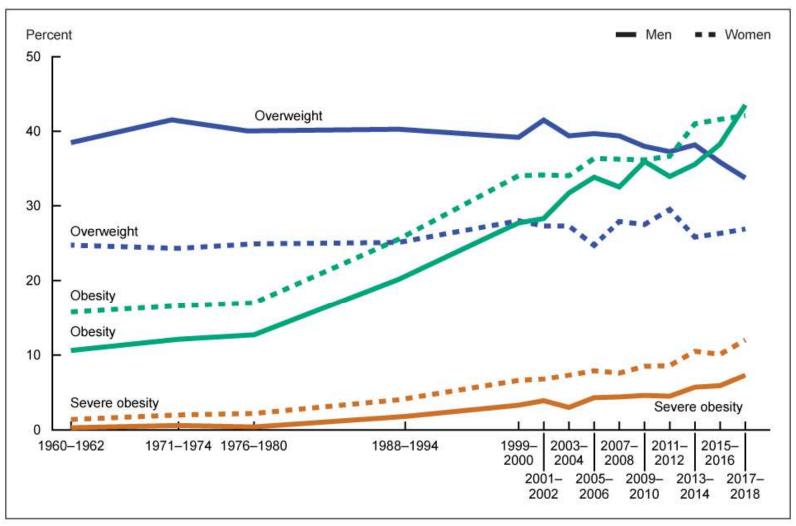
Step#4

Increase your calories out.

- Physical activity
- Non-exercise activity thermogenesis (NEAT)
- ■↑ Thermic effect of food

Easy, right?





NOTES: Data are age adjusted by the direct method to U.S. Census 2000 estimates using age groups 20–39, 40–59, and 60–74. Overweight is body mass index (BMI) of 25.0–29.9 kg/m². Obesity is BMI at or above 30.0 kg/m². Severe obesity is BMI at or above 40.0 kg/m². Pregnant women are excluded from the analysis. SOURCES: National Center for Health Statistics, National Health Examination Survey and National Health and Nutrition Examination Surveys.





Pete Thomas
of NBC's "The Biggest Loser"
presents his

Lose It

Forever

Ing to lose
100 pounds?
UP TODAY!

Pete Thomas
of NBC's "The Biggest Loser"
presents his

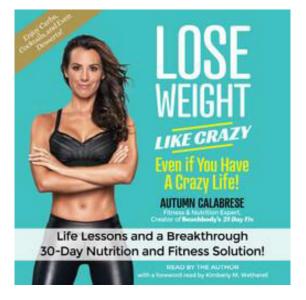
Lose It

Forever

10-week Intensive

Weight-Loss Seminar









Prepare for setbacks

What if you fail?

- Most people fail multiple times before successful weight management
- Don't punish or blame yourself.
- Think about what triggered the urge to overeat.
- Review your plan and try again.

You can overeat and still be in a deficit

Sample resting metabolic rate = 2,300 calories per day Target calories per day = 1,800 calories per day

```
MON:
                   TUES:
                                      WED:
                                                       THUR:
                   1,800
                                     1,800
                                                       1,800
 1.800
Calories
                 Calories
                                    Calories
                                                      Calories
                                                SUN:
                              SAT:
                                               1.800
                              1.800
                                              Calories
          Calories
                            Calories
```

Total caloric deficit = 1,800

In a caloric "deficit" but not losing weight?



BREAKFAST SANDWICH: 480 Cal COFFEE W/ MILK: 40 Cal

WHAT YOU TRACK:



SNACKS MED. BANANA: 100 Cal 28G ALMONDS: 170 Cal



2 SLICES BREAD: 220 Cal 20Z TURKEY: 60 Cal 1 SLICE CHEESE: 70 Cal



DINNER
CHICKEN BREAST: 200 Cal
BAKED POTATO: 110 Cal
BROCCOLI: 30 Cal

TOTAL CALORIES: 1480

W

BREAKFAST

SANDWICH: 480 Cal

COFFEE W/ MILK: 40 Cal

+2 PACKETS SUGAR: 30 Cal

WHAT YOU ACTUALLY ATE:



SNACKS MED. BANANA: 100 Cal 426 ALMONDS: 255 Cal



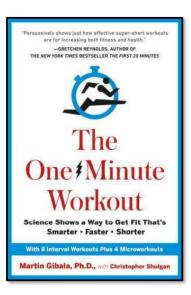
LUNCH
2 SLICES BREAD: 220 Cal
20Z TURKEY: 60 Cal
1 SLICE CHEESE: 70 Cal
+ TBSP MAYO: 90 Cal

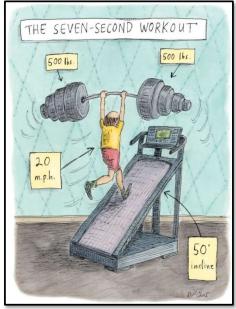


DINNER
CHICKEN BREAST: 200 Cal
BAKED POTATO: 110 Cal
BROCCOLI: 30 Cal
+ TBSP BUTTER: 100 Cal
+ TBSP OLIVE OIL: 120 Cal

TOTAL CALORIES: 1905

Exercising too hard?









Other tips for success

↑ Physical Activity

- Remember, "Move more, sit less"
- Try to move for at least 10 minutes at a time several times throughout the day
- Add resistance training
 - Bodyweight
 - Free weights
 - Machines
 - Resistance bands

↑ Non-exercise activity thermogenesis (NEAT)

- Park further away
- Use the stairs instead of elevator
- Walk your dog
- Walk while on the phone
- Clean your house

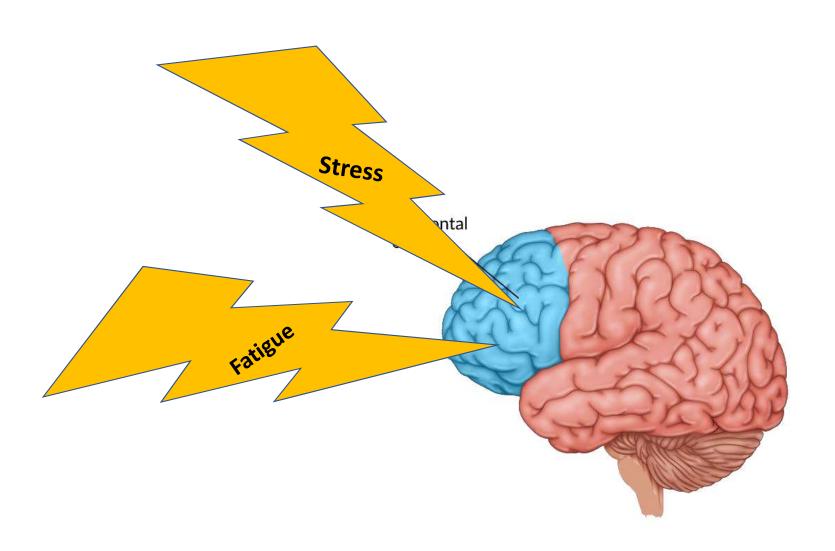
↑Thermic effect of food

- Increase protein intake
- Increase fiber intake

Be more mindful

Reduce mindless eating





Be more mindful

Mindless Eating

- Eating foods that are emotionally comforting
- Eating when emotions tell us to eat (i.e. sad, angry, anxious, insecure, frustrated, lonely, depressed & even happy)
- Eating past full
- Eating just to eat, rather than eating to nourish and replenish your body
- Eating junk food when you "think" you are hungry
- Eating & multitasking
- Eating until you are stuffed

Mindful Eating

- Eating when your body tells you to eat (i.e. stomach growling)
- Eating foods that are nutritionally healthy (i.e. lean proteins, complex carbohydrates, fruits, nuts & seeds)
- Eating without distraction
- Listening to our bodies when it signals that you are satisfied
- Feeling good about the food choices you made
- Feeling energized and present after you eat
- Slow down when you are eating
- Pause in between bites
- Being aware of what you are eating and how you are feeling

Our remaining seminars



How to Be More Active

11am to 12pm, April 24, 2023

Session Topics:

- · Understanding facts and myths about physical activity
- . How to make a plan to engage in physical activity
- · Tips for successfully adhering to physical activity
- Free pedometers will be provided to the first 30 attendees

