

TI-83 Lab 13 For Mathematics 223

Topics: Sum of rectangular areas

Approximating area using sum of rectangular areas. Calculate area of triangle under $f(x) = 3x$, $0 \leq x \leq 5$, using the rectangular approximation method where $n = 50$, so $\Delta x = 0.1$, and using both left endpoint and midpoint rules.

- *Left endpoint rule*

Sum of areas of all 50 rectangles is

$$\begin{aligned} &= f(x_1)\Delta x + f(x_2)\Delta x + f(x_3)\Delta x + \cdots + f(x_{50})\Delta x \\ &= \Delta x [f(x_1) + f(x_2) + f(x_3) + \cdots + f(x_{50})] \\ &= 0.1 [f(0) + f(0.1) + f(0.2) + \cdots + f(4.9)] \\ &= 0.1 [3(0) + 3(0.1) + 3(0.2) + \cdots + 3(4.9)] = 36.75 \end{aligned}$$

2nd LIST OPS seq 3X, X, 0, 4.9, 0.1) STO 2nd L_1 ENTER,
then 2nd LIST MATH sum ENTER 2nd L_1) \times 0.1 ENTER

- *Midpoint rule*

Sum of areas of all 50 rectangles is

$$\begin{aligned} &= \Delta x [f(x_1) + f(x_2) + f(x_3) + \cdots + f(x_{50})] \\ &= 0.1 [f(0.05) + f(0.15) + f(0.25) + \cdots + f(4.95)] \\ &= 0.1 [3(0.05) + 3(0.15) + 3(0.25) + \cdots + 3(4.95)] = 37.5 \end{aligned}$$

2nd LIST OPS seq 3X, X, 0.05, 4.95, 0.1) STO 2nd L_2 ENTER,
then 2nd LIST MATH sum ENTER 2nd L_2) \times 0.1 ENTER