## Quiz Questions 4 for Mathematics 224 Introductory Analysis II - Spring 2001 Material Covered: Sections 6.5, 6.6 of workbook and text For: Friday, 9th March

This is a 15 minute quiz, worth 5% and marked out of 5 points.

Name (please print):		ID Number:
	last	first

- **1.** Consider the function  $f(x) = \frac{1}{8}x$  defined on interval [0, 4].
  - (a) [1 point] The mean is equal to (circle closest one)  $\frac{7}{3}$  /  $\frac{8}{3}$  /  $\frac{9}{3}$  /  $\frac{10}{3}$  /  $\frac{11}{3}$
  - (b) [2 points] The variance is

equal to \_\_\_\_\_

**2.** [1 point] Let x be a continuous random variable that is normally distributed, where  $\mu = -2$  and  $\sigma = 2$ .

 $P(-2.5 \le x \le 4.5) =$ \_\_\_\_\_\_

**3.** [1 point] Find the volume generated by revolving about the *x*-axis bounded by the graphs of the following equations:  $f(x) = x^{\frac{3}{2}}$ , x = 1, y = 4

1.

(a) 
$$\frac{8}{3}$$
  
 $E(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} 2x^3 f(x) \, dx = = \int_0^4 x \left(\frac{1}{8}x\right) \, dx = \left[\left(\frac{1}{24}x^3\right)\right]_0^4$   
(b)  $\frac{16}{3}$ 

$$\sigma^{2} = E(x^{2}) - [E(x)]^{2}$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^{2} f(x) \, dx - \left[ \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f(x) \, dx \right]^{2}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{4} x^{2} \left( \left( \frac{1}{8} x \right) \right) \, dx - \left[ \int_{0}^{4} x \left( \left( \frac{1}{8} x \right) \right) \, dx \right]^{2}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{4} \left( \frac{1}{8} x^{3} \right) \, dx - \left[ \int_{0}^{4} \left( \frac{1}{8} x^{2} \right) \, dx \right]^{2}$$

$$= 8 - \left[ \frac{8}{3} \right]^{2}$$

## **2.** 0.598normalcdf(-2.5, 4.5, -2, 2)

## 3. $51.15\pi \approx 160.69$

$$\int_{1}^{4} \pi \left[ x^{\frac{3}{2}} \right]^{2} dx = \int_{1}^{4} \left[ \pi x^{3} \right] dx$$
$$= \frac{\pi}{4} \left[ x^{4} \right]_{1}^{4}$$